CLAIMS

A random copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene comprising structural units originated from one or more α -olefins (A1) and originated from one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyenes (A2), the said random copolymer having characteristic features comprising

a content of the structural unit(s) originated from the said one or more α -olefins (A1) in the range of 93 to 70 mole %,

a content of the structural unit originated from the said one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyenes (A2) in the range of 7 to 30 mole %,

an intrinsic viscosity [η], determined in decalin at 135 °C, in the range of 0.01 to 20 dl/g,

a glass transition temperature (Tg) of not higher than 40 $^{\circ}$ C and

an iodine value in the range of 50 to 150.

random copolymer based on Α non-conjugated cyclic polyene comprising structural units originated from one or more α -olefins (A1), originated from one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyenes (A2) and originated from one or more non-conjugated linear polyenes (A3), the said random copolymer having characteristic features comprising

a content of the structural unit(s) originated from the said one or more α -olefins (A1) in the range of 97.9 to 55 mole %,

a content of the structural unit originated

from the said one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyenes (A2) in the range of 2 to 30 mole %,

a content of the structural unit originated from the said one or more non-conjugated linear polyenes (A3) in the range from 0.1 to 15 mole %,

an intrinsic viscosity [η] , determined in decalin at 135 °C, in the range of 0.01 to 20 dl/g,

a glass transition temperature (Tg) of not higher than 40 $^{\circ}$ C and

an iodine value in the range of 5 to 150.

- 3. The random copolymer as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the structural unit(s) originated from one or more α -olefins (A1) comprise at least a structural unit originated from ethylene in which the mole ratio of (the structural unit originated from ethylene) versus (the structural unit(s) originated from other α -olefin(s) having 3 or more carbon atoms) is in the range from 100/0 to 1/99.
- 4. The random copolymer as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the structural unit(s) originated from one or more α -olefins (A1) comprise at least a structural unit originated from ethylene in which the mole ratio of (the structural unit originated from ethylene) versus (the structural unit(s) originated from other α -olefin(s) having 3 or more carbon atoms) is in the range from 100/0 to 50/50.
- 5. The random copolymer as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the non-conjugated cyclic polyene (A2) is that represented by the formula (1-1) given below:

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{1} \\
R^{2}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{3} \\
R^{3}
\end{array}$$

in which m is an integer of 0 to 2, R1 to R4 denote each, independently of each other, an atom or a residue selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atoms and hydrocarbon residues which may have double bond, wherein R1 to R4 may be fused together to form a mono- or polycyclic ring which may have double bond or wherein an alkylidene radical may be formed from the pair of R¹ and R² or R³ and R⁴ or, further, R¹ and R3 or R2 and R4 may be fused together so as to form a double bond, with the proviso that at least one of R1 an unsaturated hydrocarbon residue to R⁴ stands for having at least one double bond, in case the mono- or polycyclic ring formed from UR1 to R4 by being fused together has no double bond, in case the pair of R1 and R² or R³ and R⁴ does not form an alkylidene radical and in case R1 and R3 or R2 and R4 are not fused together to form an endocyclic double bond.

6. The random copolymer as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 5, wherein the non-conjugated linear polyene (A3) is represented by the formula (2-1) given below:

$$H_{2}C = CH - CH_{2} - \begin{pmatrix} C & R^{1} & R^{2} & R^{3} = CR^{4} \end{pmatrix}_{q} - \begin{pmatrix} R^{5} & R^{8} & R^{8} & R^{8} & R^{9} & R^{9}$$

in which p and q is zero or 1 with the proviso that p and q are not zero simultaneously, f is an integer of zero to 5 with the proviso that f is not zero when both p and q are 1, g is an integer of \setminus 1 to 6, R¹, R², R³, R4, R5, R6 and R7 denote each, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms, Rs denotes an alky group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms and R° denotes hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms or a group represented by $-(CH_2)n-CR^{10}=C(R^{11})R^{12}$ in which n is an integer of 1 to 5, R10 and R11 represent each, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms and R12 represents an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms, with the proviso that R° is hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms when both p and q are 1.

7/. A rubber composition comprising

(A) a random copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene comprising structural units originated from one or more α -olefins (A1) and originated from one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyene (A2), the said random copolymer having characteristic features comprising

a content of the structural unit(s) originated

(B)

from te said one or more α -olefins (A1) in the range of 93 to 70 mole %; a content of the structural unit originated from the said one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyenes (A2) in the range of 7 to 30 mole %; an intrinsic viscosity [η], determined in decalin at 135 °C, in the range of 0.01 to 20 dl/g; a glass transition temperature (Tg) of not higher than 40 °C; and an iodine value in the range of 50 to 150, and

wherein the weight proportion of (the random copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene) versus (the rubber based on diene), namely, (A)/(B), is in the range of 60/40 to 0.1/99.9.

8. A rubber composition comprising

a rubber based on diene,

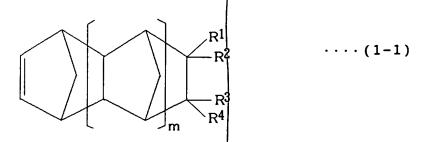
random (A) copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene comprising structural originated from one or more α -olefins (A1) and originated from one more non-conjugated or cyclic polyenes (A2) and originated from one or more non-conjugated linear polyene (A3), the said random copolymer having characteristic features comprising

a content of the structural unit(s) originated from the said one or more α -olefins (A1) in the range of 97.9 to 55 mole %; a content of the structural unit originated from the said one or more non-conjugated cyclic polyenes (A2) in the range of 2 to 30 mole %; a content of the structural unit originated from the said

one or more non-conjugated linear polyene (A3) in the range of 0.1 to 15 mole %; an intrinsic viscosity [η], determined in decalin at 135 °C, in the range of 0.01 to 20 dl/g; a glass transition temperature (Tg) of not higher than 40 °C; and an iodine value in the range of 5 to 150, and

- (B) a rubber based on diene,
- wherein the weight proportion of (the random copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene) versus (the rubber based on diene), namely, (A)/(B), is in the range from 60/40 to 0.1/99.9.
- 9. The rubber composition as claimed in claim 7 or 8, wherein the structural unit(s) originated from one or more α -olefins (A1) in the random copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene comprise at least structural unit originated from ethylene, wherein the ratio of (the structural unit originated from mole ethylene) versus (the structural unit(s) originated from other α -olefin(s) having 3 or more carbon atoms) is in the range from 100/0 to 1/99.
- 10. The rubber composition as claimed in claim 7 8, wherein the structural unit(s) originated from or more α -olefins (A1) in the random copolymer based non-conjugated cyclic polyene comprise onleast structural unit originated from a ethylene, wherein the mole ratio of (the structural originated from ethylene) versus (the structural unit(s) originated from other α -olefin(s) having 3 or more carbon atoms) is in the range from 100/0 to 50/50.

11. The rubber composition as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 10, wherein the non-conjugated cyclic polyene (A2) is that represented by the formula (1-1).



in which m is an integer of 0 to 2, R1 to R4 denote each, independently of each other, an atom or a residue selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, halogen atoms and hydrocarbon residues which may have double bond, wherein R1 to R4 may be fused together to form a mono- or polycyclic ring which may have double bond or wherein an alkylidene radical may be formed from the pair of R1 and R2 of R3 and R4 or, further, R1 and R3 or R2 and R4 may be fused together so as to form a double bond, with the proviso that at least one of R1 stands for an unsaturated hydrocarbon residue to R⁴ having at least one double bond, in case the mono- or polycyclic ring formed from R' to R' by bring fused together has no double bond, in case the pair of R1 and R2 or R3 and R4 does not form an alkylidene radical and in case R1 and R3 or R2 and R4 are not fused together to form an endocyclic double bond.

12. The rubber composition as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 11, wherein the non-conjugated linear polyene (A3) is that represented by the formula (2-1).

$$H_{2}C = CH - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - CH_{3} - CH_{3$$

in which p and q is zero or 1 with the proviso that p and q are not zero simultaneously, f is an integer of zero to 5 with the proviso that f is not zero when both p and q are 1, g is an integer of 1 to 6, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6 and R7 denote each, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 - 3carbon atoms, R* denotes an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms and R° denotes hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms or a group represented by $-(CH_2)n-CR^{10}=C(R^{11})R^{12}$ in which n is an integer of 1 to 5, R10 and R11 represent \each, independently of each other, hydrogen atom or an Alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms and R12 represents an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms, with the proviso that R° is hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 - 3 carbon atoms when both p and q are 1.

- 13. A rubber material for tires, comprising the random copolymer based on non-conjugated cyclic polyene as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6.
- 14. A rubber material for tires, comprising the rubber composition as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 12.
- 15. A tire tread produced from the rubber material for tires as claimed in claim 13 or 14.

16. A tire which has a tire tread as claimed in claim 15.

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